Correction to: Myocardial T1 mapping and extracellular volume quantification: an overview of technical and biological confounders

Citation

Published Version
doi:10.1007/s10554-018-1327-z

Permanent link
http://nrs.harvard.edu/urn-3:HUL.InstRepos:35982109

Terms of Use
This article was downloaded from Harvard University’s DASH repository, and is made available under the terms and conditions applicable to Other Posted Material, as set forth at http://nrs.harvard.edu/urn-3:HUL.InstRepos:dash.current.terms-of-use#LAA

Share Your Story
The Harvard community has made this article openly available. Please share how this access benefits you. Submit a story.

Accessibility
Correction to: Myocardial T1 mapping and extracellular volume quantification: an overview of technical and biological confounders

Stefan K. Piechnik1 · Michael Jerosch-Herold2

Published online: 9 March 2018
© The Author(s) 2018. This article is an open access publication

Correction to:
The International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging (2018) 34:3–14
https://doi.org/10.1007/s10554-017-1235-7

The article “Myocardial T1 mapping and extracellular volume quantification: an overview of technical and biological confounders”, written by “Stefan K. Piechnik and Michael Jerosch-Herold”, was originally published Online First without open access. After publication in volume 34, issue 1, page 3–14, the author decided to opt for Open Choice and to make the article an open access publication. Therefore, the copyright of the article has been changed to © The Author(s) 2018 and the article is forthwith distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits use, duplication, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made.

Open Access This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/s10554-017-1235-7.

Michael Jerosch-Herold
mjerosch-herold@bwh.harvard.edu

1 Oxford Centre for Clinical Magnetic Resonance Research, Division of Cardiovascular Medicine, Radcliffe Department of Medicine, University of Oxford, John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford OX39DU, UK
2 Brigham and Women’s Hospital, and Harvard Medical School, 15 Francis Street, Boston, MA 02115, USA