## Answers to "The ultimate quiz" (concluded)

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## ANSWERS TO "THE ULTIMATE QUIZ"

In its issucs for January and April 1967 (XV, $109-122,223$ ), the Harvard Library Bulletin reprinted from Vanity Fair, XXVIIL: 3 (May 1927), 52, 118 , the Jate Samuel C. Chew's "The Ultimate Horror in Questionnaires." A set of answers also appeared in Vanity Fair, XXVIIII: 5 (July 1927), 74, 98; but it scems possible that, among those readers of the Bulletin who do not have a file of Vanity Fair at hand, there are some who werc bafled by at Icast a few of the questions. Moreover, Professor Howard Mumford Jones, attacking the ultimate honror without benefit of a crib, brought to light information supplementing some of the answers as given in the original set. Consequently it secms desiralle to supply a revised set of answers, as follows:

1. Walt Whitman, in "Song of Myself," line 4 r , declares that the bull and the bug were never worshipped half enough.
2. A Palmesel is a carved figure of Christ entering Jerusalem on Palm Sunday, riding an ass, The effigy, adorned with palms, was part of the Palm Sunday procession formerly held in many German towtis and villages.
3. Captain Ahab's first mate was named Starbuck.
4. Ezckicl was exiled in Babylon.
5. James I of Scotland wrote The King's Quair; Maurice Hewlett wrote The Queen's Quair. A quair is a book.
6. The portrait of Marino Falicro was suppressed. Alfieri, Byron, Swinburne, Delavigue and several German writers dramatized his life.
7. The Dombild at Cologne was painted by Stephen Lochner.
8. The Jtalian painter who worked at Avignon was Simone Martini; his brother-in-law was Lippo Memmi.
9. Sarnucl Butler, author of The Way of All Flesh, wantcd a theme of Handel carved on his tombstone. His request was not carried out because he was cremated and his ashes scattered.
ıo. The Gothic cathedral with the longest nave is Winchester; the one with the highest vaulting is at Reauvais.
ir. The error in the statement that "the Burial of the Count Orgáz is in the little town of San Tome in Spain" is that the painting is in the Chureh of San Tomé in Toledo, Spain.
10. (a) The Issenhcim altarpiece by Mathas Grinewald and the Madonma of the Rose Arbor by Martin Schongauer are in Colmar; (b) Madonna and Two Saints by Giorgione is in Castelfranco; (c) The last Judgment by Roger van der Weyden is in Bcaunc; and (d) The Resurrection by Picro della Francesca is in Borgo San Sepolero.
11. Smithfield, a latge area in London near the General Post Office, is a corruption of "Smooth fields."
12. The mandrake was believed to shriek when torn from the earth.
13. The Yolkerscblachtdenkenal is a monument in Leipzig commemorating
the defeat of Napoleon by the Allies in 1813 in the so-called Battle of the Nations.
14. The sculptures from the pediments of Acgina were in the Glypothek in Munich in 1927.
15. A Midrash is an ancient Jowish commentary on some passage in the Old Testament, an "exposition" (from the Helrew vorb maning to search out or inquire).
16. "The Last Sigh of the Moor" is a spot in the Sierra Nevada near Granada where Boabdil turned to look for the last time upon the city whence he had been expelled by Ferdinand and Isabella. Tang-i-Alláhu Akbar is a spot on the hills near Shiraz in Persia from which the view of the city is of such exceeding beauty that Hafiz declared that all who gaze upon it are constrained to cry "Alláhu Akbar!" "God is Great!"
17. The approximate dates of the Sung Period are 960-1280.
18. The one who asked to be placed on Sunium's marble stecp was the anonymous bard irn Byron's Don Juan (Canto iii) who sings "The Jsles of Greece" to Haidee, Don Juan, and a merry company. Sunium is a headJand southeast of Athens, at Cape Colonna. The marhle steep refers to the Temple of Poscidon at Sunium.
19. The masterpiece of an English poet written in Bernesque verse was Byron's Don Juan, in manner and form much influenced by Berni and other heroicomic poets of the Italian Renaissance.
20. The so-called Dance of the Seises is a ritualistic dance, surviving from the Mozatabic tite, which takes place before the high altar of the cathedral of Seville during the Fiesta dol Santisimo Corpus. Formerly there were twelve dancers (six hoys and six gitls, hence the name, "the Six"); now the dance is performed by ten boys.
21. The student of "Auguries of Innocence" will know who said a robin redhreast in a cage does what to what: William Blake declared it puts all heaven in a rage.
22. The Donna Lombarda was Rosmunda, Queen of the Lombards, who caused the death of her hushand after he forced her to drink from a cup made of the skull of her father, Cunimonde, King of the Gcpidi. There are many versions of the story in many literatures. She is the subject of plays by Runcellai, Alficri, and Swinbume.
23. The two cities recurning the missing panels of "The Adoration of the Lamb," the Van Eyck altarpiece, to Ghent were Berlin and Brussels. Berlin was forced by the Treaty of Versailles to return two panels which had been in Germany for about a century; Brussels returned the two she had in order that the altarpiece, originally painted for the Church of St. Bavon in Ghent, would be complcte.
24. Tours is associated with the following writers: Rabelais, Ronsard, Descartes, Balzac, Gregory of Tours, Alcuin, and, less intimately, Anatole France.
25. Jane Austen left unfinished The Watsons, Sanditon, and Catherine, or the Bower.
26. The Cyclc of Mme. de Sabaticr refors to poems inspired by (sometincs addrcssed to) Mne. de Sabatier, scattered through Baudclairc's Les Ftetrrs du Mat.
27. (a) Soancs refers eithcr to Soames Forsyte in Galsworthy's The Forsyte Saga or to Enoch Soames, the minor paet in Max Seerbolm's Seven Men. (b) Petcr Quint is the red-haired ghost in Henry James's The Tum of the Screw. (c) Eloa is the fenale angel, the chief figure in Alfred de Vigny's poenn, Eloa. (d) Doctor Hornbook is a satiric portrait of onc John Wilson in Robert Burns's "Death and Doctor Hornbook." (c) Bosola is the villain in Wcbster's The Duchess of Malfi.
28. The tclationship of Kanny Imlay, Mary Shelley, and Jane Claimont was as follows: Fanny was the daughter of William Godwin's first wife by Captain Gilbert Imlay, to whom she was not married; Mary was the daughter of Godwin and his first wife; and Jane was the daughter: of Godwin's second wife by her first husband.
29. The fish is a symbol of Christ because the letters in the Greek word for fish are the initials of the Greck words meaning Jesus Christ, the Son of God, the Saviour. The fish is an attribute of Toblias bccause, on the advice of the Archangel Raplael, he burned the organs of a fish in the bridal chanilcr of his wife Sarah, thcreby driving away the demon Asmodeus, who was in love with her. (The Book of Tobit in the Apocreppha).
30. The Seven Acts of Mercy for the laity are: Fecd the hungry, give drink to the thirsty, clothe the maked, attend the sick, visit captives, officr hospitality to strangers, and bury the dead. For the clergy: Instruct the ignorant, counsel the doubtful, admonish sinners, bear wrongs with patience, forgive offences, comfort the afficted, pray for the living and the dead.
31. Alcofribas Nasier was the pscudonym of Francois Rabelais, the fifth book of whose Gargantur is by many scholars thought to be spurious.
32. The Moabite Stone, in the Louvre, is a monument dedicated to the god Kemosh by Mesha of Moab to record his vistery over the Istaclites in the days of Ahab.
33. Antigone was not literally "put to death," for she hanged herself in the vault in which she had been buried alive by order of Creon. She had performed burial rites for her brother Polyncices in defiance of Creon's command.
34. Prick-song is written vocal music, sung from notes written or "pricked," as distinct from that sung from mennory or by ear. A rebeck is an carly form of fiddle, with three strings. A sackbut is an obsolete form of bass trumpet, with a slide for altecing the pitch like that of a trombone.
35. The Sccond Annunciation, a father rare motif in Christian art, is the appcarance of the Archangel Galriel to the Miessed Virgin Mary near the end of her life, to tell her she is to be taken to heaven.
36. (a) "The garden like a lady fair was cut" by Giles Fletcher, "Christ's Victory and Triumph," Part 11, stauza 42, is better known to us from the fact that it is the motto of Poc's "The Jandscape Garden." (b) Molière's Le disantbrope, Act I, Scene ii, says, "y'aime micus ma mic, au gué!"

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(c) "Cut is the branch that might have grown fuil straight," is from the epilogue of Dr. Faustus by Christopher Marlowe, (d) "Ibant Obscuri sola suls nocte per umbram;' is from Virgil's Acneid, VI, 268. (c) Victor Hugo's L'Expiation, Part II (Les Chatinents), opens with the line "Waterloo! Waterloo! Waterloo! morne plaine! (f) "O patria mia, veclo le murac gli archi . . ./Ma la gloria non vedo" is the begioning of Lcopardi's All Italia. (g) "Schön war ich auch, und das war mein Verderbeo" is line 4434 in Goethe's Fints, Part I.
39. The name of Dr. Johnson's cat was Hodgc; Byron's dog was Boatswain, and the dog Hardy had in 1927 was called Wessex.
4o. Readers of the Bulletin will be able to think of a good many more than fout descriptions of the plague in literature, among them Thucydides, History of the Peloponuesian War; Boccaccio, Prologuc to the Decameron; Dekker's The Wonderfal Year; the diaries of leepys and Evelyn; Defue's Journat of the Plague Year; Manzoni's I Promessi Sposi.
4i. "B.V." were initials uscd by james Thomson, author of The City of Dreadful Night. The "B' stood for Bysshe, Shelley's middle name, since Thomson greatly admired that poct, and "V" stood for Vanohis, an anagram of Novalis (Friedrich von Havdenberg), whom he also admired.
42. Virgil is numbered among the Prophets because in the Fourth Eclogue he speaks of the birth of a child who is to usher in an age of peace, two thenes casily misinterpreted by Christian apologists as prophesying the coning of Christ, on the atralogy of certain passages in Isaiah.
43. The doctrine of the Immaculate Conception was championed by John Duns Scotus.
44. A number of persons scem to have sat by the crater of Etna: Plato, according to legend; the Emperor Hadrian, probably; Emily Lowe, author of Unprotected Females in Sicily, Calabria, and on the Top of Mount Etn (London, 1859); and Edward lecar's Old person of Gractna in Nonsense Book. Empedocles threw himsell into the crater.
45. The Puits de Moïse were designed by Claus Sluter.
46. The Tres Riches Hetres du Duc de Berry is in Chantilly. The Heures de Twin was destroyed by fire.
47. The following citics were associated with the following authors or artists:
(a) Ronen - Flaubert and Maupassant, (b) Olney - William Cowper,
(c) Nuremberg - Dürer and Hans Sachs, (d) Chambéry - Jean Jacques Rousseau. (c) Arqua - Petrarch, (f) Grasmere - Wordsworth and De Quincey, (g) Giverny -- Monet, (h) Brescia - Moretto, (i) Jausaone Madame de Stael, Gibbon. (j) Fiesole - Fra Angelico, W. S. Landor.
48. Ruskin considered Venice and Chamonix his "two homes on earth."
49. Three painters in the Breugel family werc Petcr Breugel the Elder, known as "Breugel le Drôle"; Peter Breugel the Younger, known as "Brcugel de l'Enfer"; and Jan Breugel, known as "Breugel de Velours."
50. Haydn composed to4 symphonies.
(To be concluded)

